

[THURSDAY, July 4, 1771.]

NEW-YORK OR, GENERAL

Containing the freshest ADVICES,



JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, ON HUNTER'S-QUAY, ROTTON-ROW.

Office of BREAD, published 28th of June, 1771.
Flour at 21s. 6d. per Ct.

A White Loaf of finest Flour to weigh 1lb. 8 oz.
for 4 Coppers. Ditto, of Do. to weigh — 11½
for 2 Do.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Bushel	7s. 6d.	Beef per Barrel	48s. 0d.
Flour —	21s. 6d.	Pork	85s. 0d.
Brown Bread	20s. 0d.	Salt	2s. 0d.
West-India Rum	3s. 6d.	Bohea Tea	5s. 0d.
New-England ditto	2s. 4d.	Chocol. per Doz.	20s. 0d.
Muscovado Sugar	5s. 0d.	Bees Wax	1s. 0d.
Single refn'd ditto	5s. 0d.	Nut Wood	30s. 0d.
Molasses	1s. 11d.	Oak ditto	20s. 0d.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S
RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

Day	Age	High Water	Rises	Falls	Day
THURSDAY	23	4	after 4	33 before 8	12 Aft.
FRIDAY	24	5	4	34	
SATURDAY	25	6	5	35	
SUNDAY	26	7	6	36	
MONDAY	27	8	7	37	
TUESDAY	28	9	8	38	
WEDNESDAY	29	10	9	39	

WE the Subscribers, being appointed Trustees for all the Creditors of JOHN BEEKMAN, formerly of this City, Blacksmith: Do hereby give Notice, to all Persons indebted to the Estate of the said John Beekman, that they immediately make Payment to us, and all Persons that have any Demands against the said Estate, are hereby requested to send in their accounts to one of us the Subscribers, in six Weeks from the Date hereof.

ANDREW GAUTIER,
ABRAHAM VAN DYKSEN, } Trustees.
JAMES VAN VARECK,

New-York. June 22, 1771. 86 89

H A T S,
MANUFACTURED by the Ad-
vertiser, to exceed, in Fineness, Cut, Colour and
Coek; and by a Method peculiar to himself, to turn rain,
and prevent the Sweat of the Head damaging the Crown.—
Such Gentry and others, who have experienced his Ability,
his hoped will recommend.

Encouragement to those who buy to sell again.
NEBITT DEANE.
Aside the Coffee-House Bridge, New-York. 86—

Wanted in a Family in the Country,
A Woman who is capable of in-
structing Children, and well qualified as a Seamstress;
such a Person, that can be well recommended, may hear of
a good Place, by inquiring of the Printer of this Paper.

RUN away on the 23d Instant,
from the Subscriber, an indentured Servant Man, named
Barry Conner, born in Ireland, about 25 years of age, and
about 5 Feet 3 Inches high, fair fac'd, a little freckled,
redish Hair: Had on when he went away, a blue Camblet
Coat, a white Nanken Waist Coat, a Pair of good Fustian
Breeches; has been some Time in the Army, in the 26th
Regiment, now lying in New-York. Whoever takes up
and secures said Servant, so that his Master may have him
again, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward, and all
reasonable Charges paid, by
MATTHIAS HEYER, Baker, in New-York.

WHEREAS a certain Elizabeth
Allen, robbed me the Subscriber, of four handsome
Gold Rings, with sundry fine Lace Head Clothes, Ruffles,
Aprons, Handkerchiefs, two fine short Gowns and Petticoats,
one of them of fine Mullin, and the other flower'd
Lawn, and several full-trim'd Mens Shirts, with different
Pieces of new Linen Cloth, and many other Articles.—She
is a low thin Woman, about 34 Years of Age, wants her
fore-Teeth; jet black Hair twisted down by her Cheeks; of
a brownish Complexion; speaks very bad English; came
late from Holland; her right Arm is thicker than her left,
and wore when she went away, a Wax Necklace with a
large red Stone in the Middle, and a Silver-flon'd Hair Pin.
Any Person who will secure her, so that the Things may be
had again, shall receive Five Dollars Reward; and all Per-
sons are requested to stop these Articles if they are either
offered to be sold or pledged.

ROSAMOND GLASFORD.
LEFT at the Printing-Office on
Hunter's-Quay, by a person unknown, a small sum
of money which he may have again on paying the charge
of this advertisement.

KELLY, LOTT, and Company.

Have just imported by the last Vessels from London, Bristol,
and Liverpool, a great assortment of the following
European and East-India Goods, which they will sell at
the most moderate Prices, for Cash or Country Produce,
at their Store, (formerly occupied by John Provost, Esq.
deceased) near the Fly-Market.

IRISH linens of all sorts
Checks of all sorts
Poplins, jeans
Herring bones, jennetts
Cordery's newest fashion
Damascus, tobines
Black ruffles, callimancoes
Durants, tammies, duroys
Rastinets, Irish camblets
Brilliantes, shalcoons
Silks, a great variety
Nankens, French stripes
Tapes, pins, needles, fans
Mens, womens, boys and
girls silk, white and brown
thread, and cotton hose
Silk mits, white and black
Downas, diaper
White and brown sheeting
Black and white Barcelona
handkerchiefs
Ditto cravats
Spotted and flower'd Hand-
kerchiefs
Lungee handkerchiefs
Perian do.
Linen and cotton do. of all
kinds

Morrens, lillings
Threads, fine and coarse, &
a very great assortment
Sewing silks
Silk and mohair buttons
Ribbons, a general assort-
ment, of the newest fash-
ions
German serges
Wiltons
Sagathes
Ivory combs
Dandruff do.
Horn do.
Maltabars
Turkey stripes
Bed bunts and bed ticking
Pruneloes
Coat bindings, shoe do.
London quality
Garters, counterpanes
Thickets
Crapes
Husband do.
Black, blue, and scarlet can-
toons
Cranky, dyed pillows
Jeans
Jennetts
Fustians
Draw boys
Dimitics, corded and plain

Bottled porter in hogheads, and several casks of com-
plete table sets of Queen's ware.

Also, a parcel of choice MUSCOVADO SUGAR.

Just imported in the last vessels from Bristol, Liverpool, and
Amsterdam, and to be sold reasonable, for cash or short
credit, by

EVERT BANCKER,
At his Store in Wall-Street, (being the north corner opposite
the Earl of Chatham's statue) viz.

BOLTING cloth, Holland ozna-
burgs, Harleem and cotton stripes two and three
thread net twigs, spinnel, cotton cheeks, striped Holland,
Turkey stripes, velvets, velvets, broad sets denims,
cotton counterpanes, dimity, dy'd barragons, pillows, jenn-
nets, moorens, silk Brunswick, Burdets, lorettes, serrettes,
valures, Irish linens, 3-4 and 5-6 garlicks, sandens, bed
bunts, blue broad cloth, coarse brown do, white and blue
haise, green and black plush, bed-side carpet by the piece
or yard, hair cloth for entries and bedchambers, felt hats, stitch-
ing, darning and coloured threads, cotton, thread and
worsted hosiery, cotton and worsted caps, worsted bindings,
writing paper, pens, and needles, combs, brush ware, brass
chasing-dishes, and coffee pots, silver, pewter ware, shot,
iron backs, marble slabs 18 inches square, an assortment of
jamb tiles, Harleem oil, Newenburg salve, powder blue,
mahogany tea chests and tea boards, and sundry other goods.

PETERSBURG, April 2.
THE Court received by the last dispatches
from its Minister at Vienna a letter from the
Republic of Ragusa, praying the Emper-
our Sovereign to grant her protection to that Re-
publick.

Warsaw, April 6. All accounts agree that the
plague hardly subsists any longer any where. The
miserly and scarcity that were the consequences of
this distemper, and the inhumanity with which the
sick were treated, contributed much to the spread-
ing of it; so that it's computed upwards of 100,000
persons died in Podolia, Braklaw, Kiow, Volhy-
nia, and Russia.

L O N D O N
April 10. The Gazetteer gives the following
from an anonymous Correspondent: It is a no-
torious fact, of which the public will be very soon
convinced, that there have been discovered in an
out-house near the dwelling-house of a certain Al-
derman of the City of London, arms sufficient to
put into the hands of 20,000 fighting men; near
the same place a quantity of powder and ball was
lodged; and there is great reason to think, that,
upon closer search, more arms and ammunition will
be found out.

The last accounts from the Baltic are full of the
war preparations, and the more powers than one
are now at sea.

The Court of Vienna, Petersburg, and Ber-
lin, have agreed to re-establish tranquility in Po-
land, and we hear that this affair was settled and
brought into order during the stay of Prince Henry
of Prussia at Petersburg, and that the Courts of
Vienna and Berlin have taken the quieting the dis-
turbances of that kingdom on themselves. As soon
as Mr. Saldren is returned hither, a beginning will
be made in this important business, and it is further
said, that the Courts of Vienna and Paris will
send Ambassadors to this city, whom we hear are
already appointed.

We hear some papers of dangerous tendency
were found on Saturday morning near the Royal
Exchange.

Lord North has often said, that he has brought
the Court of Spain to comply with every article
that they could in honour agree to: But is greatly
feared his Lordship has had too great a regard for
their honour, and sacrificed some of the most sub-
stantial points of English honour, to some of the
most romantic punctilios of Spanish honour.

April 30. The expence of the Parliament bu-
siness done this session on account of the city, it is
said, already amounts to near 1000l.

Last Friday several Constables were examined
before the Committee, relative to some late riots;
but they could give no information of any particu-
lar person, except one Keys, for pelting the Con-
stables; and he is out upon bail.

The following remarkable passage occurs in Mr.
Dunning's speech, in favour of the Lord Mayor.—
"Suppose (said he) you should actually commit
these gentlemen, what will be the consequence?
They will be brought by habeas corpus before the
judges, and they will be released, if the judges
choose to pay any regard to the law. For as they are
not committed for treason, felony, or breach of the
peace, the judges are obliged by that act to dis-
charge them upon sufficient bail. Commitments
by the House of Commons are not excepted in it;
and, if such a thing was meant at the time of ma-
king the act, it would have been specified, as the
House was sufficiently apprised of every circum-
stance. As the law is general, the judges must
make no arbitrary exception. Judge then how
much this Rep will degrade your authority. You
have not even a criminal jurisdiction, as the act
requires in every commitment. With what face
then can the expounders of the law adjudge your
commitments legal?"

The much talked of affair between Ctl. Mur-
ray and Alderman Wilkes is said to have been mis-
represented, and that the following is a true ac-

count of it.—The Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver being at dinner with the Colonel, a message came, informing them, that Mr. Alderman Wilkes was below stairs; one of the officers said, in a joke, "Let him come up." "No," replied Col. Murray, (brother to the Duke of Athol) "Mr. Wilkes is no acquaintance of mine; if you want to see him you may; but not in this place, while I am present. I am very happy in the company of the Lord Mayor and Mr. Oliver, to whose brother, in the West Indies, I owe my life and preservation; they are gentlemen of property, but the other is a stranger to me." "Tis very odd," says Mr. Oliver, that this man will always intrude himself upon companies; and the Lord Mayor subjoined, "Tell Mr. Wilkes I am at dinner, and will see him another time."

The Emperor of Morocco has given orders to get all his armed ships, throughout his dominions ready to sail the first week in May.

The list of visitors to the Lord Mayor, intended for publication so soon as his Lordship is restored to the duties of his office, it is reported, will not a little astonish the world in general, as the names of many personages, by their own request, will appear in it, who were by no means imagined capable of taking an active part in the patriotic cause, though now desirous to declare to the world their sentiments on the present occasion.

The intended address from Gloucester to the Lord Mayor, and Alderman Wilkes and Oliver, is, we hear, laid aside, both the members not choosing, it is thought, to attend with it.

It is said, that for the advantage of the rising generation, the laws of libelling will be ascertained and illustrated in such a manner, that the violation of them will bear inconceivable marks of malice premeditated.

The Prince of Mecklenburg, who is expected in a few weeks to revisit this metropolis, has, it is reported, a very important motive for taking up his residence the ensuing summer in England. This, we are told, is no other than making himself master of our military discipline, with every other particular of martial measures observed here, in order to qualify him for a capital appointment in the English service.

The ships now on the point of embarking for the East Indies are said to have some very uncommon directions for the military in that part of the world; for as the company are disappointed in their views of augmenting their forces, they are determined to play the economist with the lives now at their mercy; and instead of riding out to meet the enemy, only take due care to give a proper reception to such as dare to attack them on their own territories.

The ships ordered to Chatham to be laid up are so rotten, that they must undergo a thorough repair, as must most of those ordered to Plymouth.

The Secretary of a certain great Board is thought will shortly resign.

It is said the Duke of Richmond intends this day to make a motion to have the following resolution rescinded: "That any resolution of this House, directly or indirectly impeaching a judgment of the House of Commons, in a matter where their jurisdiction is competent, final, and conclusive, would be a violation of the constitutional rights of the Commons, tend to make a breach between the two Houses of Parliament, and lead to general confusion."

Although the Swedes employ but few ships in their East India trade, in comparison to other European powers, yet they generally perform their voyages to Canton, and back to Stockholm, in equal time, notwithstanding the northern distance, bad navigation of the Belt, and long channel cruises, ere they clear the land; but such is the singular art and construction of their ships, it is asserted, by many intelligent English seamen, that these ships are universally allowed the swiftest sailing vessels in Europe. Last voyage, two in particular, in passing by several English ships, were seen to sail at the rate of 15 to 16 knots an hour.

Diligent search was made in all the bagels, and other respectable houses in the neighbourhood of Covent Garden, on Saturday last, after a young gentleman, said to be a merchant's son in the city, who had been missing for a day or two.—It is now an universal custom amongst the polite people, that if their sons are absent an unusual time, to send to a bagnio, or bawdy-house, as the surest place to find them.

It is said, that Mr. Oliver is now satisfied that Mr. Wilkes's conduct is perfectly consistent with all his public declarations, and that he will join with him, if nominated for Sheriff at the Common-Hall.

Jeremiah Dyson, in talking of shortening the duration of Parliament, on Friday last, said, that he would go as far as any man at a proper time; but he could not then think of such an important affair when the session was almost concluded. "It is never too late," said the other member, "to improve the constitution. Tho' you would go as far as any man at a proper time, I will lay an even wager that you will never be the first man to make such a motion at any season."

A correspondent says, that Lord R. declared he "hoped" that the Livery of London would not choose Mr. Alderman Oliver one of the Sheriffs for the ensuing year, for he did not wish to have the moiety of the Middlesex Sheriffs Priest-ridden by an Atheist Parson.

The King of Denmark has made a thorough change in the officers of his court. Count Moltke is deprived of all his offices, and dismissed with a pension. Another high officer, two ladies of the Court, and the Court-Precacher, have been divested of their employments but have had pensions granted them. Out of 24 Pages the King keeps only six, the rest are provided for in the army or navy. Amongst other patriotic acts, the King has established an Hospital for foundlings, where every child is received that is offered, on ringing at the gate. He has besides offered thirty premiums from 200 to 200 Rixdollars each for the encouragement of the cultivation of barren and waste lands.

April 21. We are informed that Mr. Alderman Wilkes received a letter, by the Penny Post, containing only this single question, *What is the Government?* To which the patriotic Alderman returned for answer, *A Set of Knaves and Fools.*

An anecdote.—Soon after the Revolution, when every act had passed that human prudence could devise, to strengthen the constitution, upon the strongest and most permanent foundation, King William thought something still wanting to com-

plete the structure: He accordingly sent Lord Somers to the leaders in Administration, both Lords and Commons, requesting they would consider, and draw up an act, in the most extensive manner they thought proper, respecting their own privileges: In consequence of the message, many conferences were held; but so jealous were both houses in defining what was, and what was not, proper to reduce into a record, that at last it was thrown out as either impossible, or absolutely improper, to be defined.

April 23. In opening the budget, a noble Lord observed, that the opposition had studiously contrived to lead the House into such dilemmas, that they could not be moderate without being accused of timidity; or vigorous without being charged with oppression. Mr. Burke, in his answer, observed, "That most people, who had been brought into dilemmas, were content to take only one part of the evil alternative; but this Ministry had managed matters so, as to fall into both the evil extremes. They had with great dexterity, contrived to be at once remiss and rigorous; but in such a manner, that their moderation should always evidently appear to the world the effect of fear, and their rigour the effect of injustice. They shewed their spirit by imprisoning two members of their own, who in obedience and deference to their orders, had put themselves into their power; and they shewed their lenity, by suffering Mr. Wilkes to escape, who had despised their authority."

He animadverted on their expedient of adjourning over last Monday, for the purpose of flying from Mr. Wilkes, who had been ordered to attend that day. "They pretend this," said he, "to be out of contempt;" but that pretence only discovered more fully their dread of him; for, if they despised him too much to see him on the day of their order, why did they make an order for his attendance? why did they renew the order? Their effacing a day from the Calendar might, said he, be an improvement in astronomy, but it made a miserable figure in politics, since so strong a measure, by which they cut off a day from their business, without any other reason or pretence, declared in the most decisive manner, to the world, how much they dreaded to have any thing to do with an adversary who had given them so much trouble."

By expunging that Monday from the Parliamentary Calendar, they rendered it memorable for ever. It will, said he, always hereafter carry the name of Wilkes's Monday. He had before been their Martyr; he was now their Saint. He observed, that the fortune of that Gentleman was singular, and in almost all points the least conformable to what was to be expected from his natural complexion; that the last characters he should have expected to have found Mr. Wilkes in, were those of an Alderman and a Saint; but this was a proof, the only remaining proof, of the omnipotence of the House.

It is said a certain noble family have ordered medals to be struck in gold and silver, with emblems expressive of the wound Britannia has received in the imprisonment of her first Magistrate.

It is reported that a certain illustrious Lady will make a second tour to the continent, as soon as public affairs are brought into a due train by the happy operation of that influence she has so long and so successfully exercised.

Yesterday Henry Crab Boulton, and John Walsh, Esqrs. members for the city of Worcester, waited upon the Lord Mayor, and Mr. Alderman Oliver, at his Lordship's apartments in the Tower, and presented each of them with the freedom of the said city.

According to recent letters from Madrid, the King of Spain's revenue from the East-Indies, since the suppression of the Jesuits at Manila, has amounted to an immense sum more than before.

DECEMBER 1.

On Friday Richard Whitworth, Esq; Member of Parliament for the town of Stafford, received an address from his Constituents to the Lord Mayor, and another address from a great number of the freeholders of the county of Stafford, which he presented on Saturday last.

WESTMINSTER-HALL INTELLIGENCE.

Court of Exchequer. After Serjeant Glynn had finished his speech, for the discharge of Mr. Alderman Oliver, on Tuesday last in this Court, every body present, except four, was so convinced, by the strength of argument and the irresistible force of the learned Serjeant's reasoning, as well as animated by the love of liberty which more than ordinary inspired the Serjeant on that occasion, that nobody doubted the determination in favour of fixed laws, against undefined privilege. The two learned Counsel, who spoke after Serjeant Glynn, followed his example. The arguments took three hours, upon this most important question. It was decided by the Court in almost as many minutes, that Mr. Oliver should be remanded to the Tower.

But, as usual, as if the Agents of the Crown were friends to liberty, several flaws were discovered in the return, which might have been fatal to the Carlton-House Junta; if Mr. Oliver, as if he had a mind to be at cross purposes too, had not stood

up for arbitrary power: When the Lieutenant of the Tower had, by his blunders in the return, left open a window for the honourable prisoner to escape, he preferred captivity to liberty on such terms; and while the Crown Lawyers were confounded at the disgraceful blunders, and saw, as it were, their prisoner ready to slip through their fingers, Mr. Oliver rose up and said, "If your Lordships will not release me on the general and public ground, I do not wish to take advantage of these mistakes."

—What could Regulus have done more?

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, April 24. We hear from the North, that on Monday and Tuesday last night they had the greatest fall of snow ever seen at this season of the year; in some places of the country there were wreaths to the depth of five or six feet: The river Don about Fintry was frozen over for about a mile in length. Luckily however, the snow was soon melted; and mild fine weather has since succeeded.

Hamburg, April 12. A report prevails here universally, that the Venetians have taken a resolution to join their naval forces to those of the Russians.

Hamburg, April 23. We hear that the lands of forty six villages have been overflowed in the lower marshes of Brandenburg, by the Upper Elbe's having burst the dykes in three places, owing to the same kind of accident that occasioned the overflowing of the Weser. Several of the Nobility were obliged to save themselves in their garrets, and remained four days without assistance. They had no other resource for saving their cattle, but by driving them into the apartments of the first story. This misfortune has ruined many families, and increases that distress which the uncommon length and severity of the winter had universally spread in these parts: the prices of every kind of subsistence having risen so much in proportion thereto, that many peasants were under the necessity of unthatching their houses to maintain their cattle.

Anecdote from the Life of the late King.

IN 1745, when the Rebellion existed, the city of London opened their chamber for subscriptions to raise men and money for the safety of his Majesty and constitution, as we had very few forces at home. The train bands were well exercised; but our army, then abroad under the late Duke of Cumberland, could not be soon brought over. The Pretender, and Secretary Murray, with their Rebels, had advanced to Derby; one of the Lords in waiting advised the King to go to Hanover till peace should be restored at home, as he did not conceive that the whole force in Britain, if collected together, could face the rebels. (At this time news was brought that the Pretender had begun to march from Derby towards Nottingham and London). His Majesty, like a Man of honour, answered, "I thank you, my Lord, for the concern you have for my personal safety: Let the Pretender advance; I am sure the city of London will march to my standard at Finchley Common, and there, with the city's train bands, I will fight the Pretender and his Rebels; I am sure to defeat them. I am King of England, and will die King in England, at the head of my Londoners, much rather than run away from the Pretender." Here was the most sincere confidence on each side; the city of London surrounding the Throne, protecting their King; all England animated by them, and following the loyal example.

CHARLESTOWN, (So Carolina) May 20.

We are told from the Cherokee Country, that Alexander Cameron, Esq; Deputy Superintendent of Indian Affairs for Virginia, North-Carolina, &c. was to set out about this time with several Cherokee headmen to meet the Virginia commissioners, in order to run out and mark the boundary line agreed upon at the congress holden last fall.

It is said, that a great many of the Western Indians will attend the general congress, appointed to be holden in West Florida; and it is hoped that some of the confederacies, lately entered into or proposed by several Indian nations, will be dissolved or prevented.

WILMINGTON, May 22.

It is said the chief complaints of the Regulators are against the many enormities, extortions and exactions, practised on them by Lawyers, Clerks, Registers, Sheriffs, &c. against whom a great number of actions have been brought for their extortion, but the trials were always put off, except a few against Col. Fanning, (late Sheriff, who from nothing, but within a few years raised a great fortune by extortion, and grinding the faces of the poor; and even those who were put off court after court, till the evidences were quite shrouded out.—That some of them (the Regulators) who live at a distance from the place of holding the courts, have, for a trifling debt of 432. been obliged to pay 561. cost, and executions issued out for 1481. more. And one of them who lent a horse to an Attorney, and only for asking him again, was put into prison and ruined. Others have attended court, court after court, for two years and upwards, with their complaints and have bro't themselves to the brink of ruin, by their attendance, and cost of malicious prosecutions, and were no nearer of having their grievances redressed than at first. Many complaints they have of the like nature which, notwithstanding the Governor had formerly promised them the assistance of the Attorney General, they could obtain no redress; and therefore out of love to themselves and posterity, they were determined to contend unwearied for their constitutional rights and privileges, and to keep their money till they had some probability or assurance that it would be applied towards the support of government; and that if they must sell a sacrifice to military force, they shall not be the first, but would bear it, for that death itself was better than such slavery.

WILLIAMSBURG, June 13.

This day his honour the President, with the advice of his Majesty's Council, was pleased to issue a proclamation for the meeting of the General Assembly on Thursday the 11th of next month; in order that the representatives of the people may have an opportunity, thus early, to take under consideration the distressful situation of the sufferers by the late most extraordinary fires.

We hear from North-Carolina that the Regulators have entirely dispersed since their late defeat; that their sing-leaders have fled to the Mississippi; that one of them has been executed; and it was expected more would undergo the same fate; and that numbers of them had come in, taken the oaths to the Government, as required of them by his Excellency Governor Tryon, and made the proper submission.

SALISBURY, June 15.

On the 10th instant, about 2 o'clock in the evening, Mr. Edward Cambridge, of Lynn, returning home from this town, on horseback, just on this side the old Stuce, (so cal-

led) 3 or 4 miles from the town, who seized and accosted Mr. Cambridge, then said, *Damn you!* instant of his uttering these words, he turned backward, content of a load body, which he charged by the horse's tail, mentioning the horse to start, and he bridle from the saddle, and heppily woolen cap, a flug.

We hear from two young men named Olds, app Davis went to the which was discovered as fishing near the hold of Olds, and to save Davis, who and Davis sunk.

Last Friday at lighting.—The B at Hancock's what the main-mast, all in its course, when part taking the fire all knock'd down and part down the down, and did for the cabin, where ceived no hurt; several places, and panion.

Last Friday evening in 33 days from 2 two snows and a full of Spanish trees was so severe at crops at a number produce.

We hear from that at a superior was brought by Stonington, again some defamatory Pardon, after the and in a few mi found Pounds damage. This case at that the Judges dict, and ordered example of justice will have a very and malicious pe.

By private letter Esq; Collector of pointed one of his Majesty's Cu Robinson, Esq; Admiralty at Hal.

A N N

On Friday George's Count years of age, Point to Herri ken by a sudd poplar, the ch spot by a flacieved so feve very is doubt.

At the last me held in this city glass, viz. decan tured by Mr. V were judged equ sine glass import and public spirit ment of this pre.

"I received Caroline, admiral's commission, offering (Lewis) lay down allegiance, 2000 leaders as were to Hillsborough, in arms. One Fe at the head of the that order is like.

The ship Chan Grenada, the 6th Grenadilles, but ing a lent, they where for soon of so pieces, the pe gle vessel with al.

Extrac "You have a commitment to the has made a great minority decline a several others who people have been This is notorious copied a place a thing that he said I said the affair to end quietly: I in the City, or Mayor and Alder man, as the Signer than will end, the

"Much has what I can coll within the presen has been prepar here do not seem

led) 5 or 6 miles from hence, was attacked by a highway robber, who seized the horse's bridle close to his mouth, and accosted Mr. Cambridge thus—*Damn you, deliver your Money.*—Mr. Cambridge said, I have no money.—The robber then said, *Damn you, I'll have your money or your life,* the instant of his uttering these last words the horse suddenly inclined backward, and very providentially prevented the contents of a loaded pistol from entering Mr. Cambridge's body, which he felt pass by his breast, and which was discharged by the highwayman immediately on speaking the words last mentioned. The firing of the pistol occasioned the horse to start forward with such force as to disengage the bridle from the villain's hand, when Mr. Cambridge rode off, and happily got clear.—The robber had on a Dutch woolen cap, a short dark coloured jacket, and long trousers.

BOSTON, June 24.

We hear from Ware, that on Monday the 10th instant, two young men being in the river, swimming, one of them named Olds, appeared to be drowning, the other named Davis went to his assistance, but Olds, fastened upon him, which was discovered by a man named John Downing, who was fishing near them; said Downing jump'd in and catch'd hold of Olds, and carried him safe on shore. He then went to save Davis, who fastened upon him, and both Downing and Davis sunk, and were drowned.

Last Friday afternoon we had a storm of thunder and lightning.—The Blaze-Castle, Capt. Smith, of Bristol, lying at Hancock's wharf, was struck with lightning: It first took the main-top mast, and shivered it to pieces, then went down the main-mast, almost to the deck, taking out several pieces in its course, when 'tis most probable the lightning divided; part taking the steeple, (where were ten persons, who were all knock'd down and runn'd, but happily soon recovered) and part down the companion, where it broke a glass window, and did some other trifling damage, and then entered the cabin, where also three persons were sitting, who received no hurt; also melted the gilding and paintings in several places, and then 'tis thought it returned up the companion.

NEWPORT, June 24.

Last Friday arrived the Brig *Wanton*, Captain Peter Wanton, in 33 days from Jamaica; on the 22d of May, he fell in with two snows and a brig, off the Commanders, under Swedish colours, full of Spanish troops, bound for the Havannah. The drought was so severe at the west end of Jamaica the last season, that the crops at a number of plantations fell greatly short of their usual produce.

We hear from New-London, in the colony of Connecticut, that at a superior court held there last September, an action was brought by Pardon Clark, son of Benjamin Clark of Stonington, against one Asa Miner, of said Stonington, for some defamatory words uttered by said Miner against said Pardon, after the case was put to the jury, they withdrew, and in a few minutes returned with a verdict of *One Thousand Pounds* damages and cost of suit, in favour of said Pardon. This case appeared with such aggravated circumstances, that the Judges unanimously gave their consent to the verdict, and ordered it to be accordingly recorded.—Which example of justice to amenable character, it is imagined, will have a very good effect in keeping the tongues of evil and malicious persons within due bounds.

NEW-LONDON, June 24.

By private letters in town, we learn that Duncan Stewart, Esq; Collector of his Majesty's Customs for this port, is appointed one of the honourable Board of Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs in America, in the room of John Robinson, Esq; who is appointed Judge of the Court of Admiralty at Halifax, in the room of Jonathan Sewall, Esq;.

ANNAPOLIS, June 23.

On Friday last Mr. Ephraim Gover, of Prince-George's County, his wife and a child about three years of age, being on the road leading from Pig-Point to Herring-Bay, were unfortunately overtaken by a sudden gulf, and took shelter under a large poplar, the child and two horses were killed on the spot by a flash of lightning, and Mr. Gover received so severe a shock that we are told his recovery is doubtful. Mrs. Gover was not much hurt.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.

At the last meeting of the American Philosophical Society held in this city, were exhibited several specimens of Flint glass, viz. decanters, wine glasses, beer glasses, &c. manufactured by Mr. William Stiegel, of Lancaster county, which were judged equal in beauty and quality to the generality of Flint glass imported from England; and entitles the ingenious and public spirited manufacturer to the particular encouragement of this province and country.

A letter from South-Carolina, June 21.

"I received last night, letters of the 31st inst. from North-Carolina, advising, that upon Governor Tryon's issuing a proclamation, offering pardon to all that would come in (except the outlaws) lay down their arms, pay the taxes, and take the oath of allegiance, 2000 insurgents had come in, but that such of the ring-leaders as were not taken were run off: That the judges are gone to Hillsborough, to hold a court for trial of such as had been taken in arms. One Few, an officer among the Regulators, was hang'd at the head of the Loyalist's camp, directly after the battle.—So that order is likely to be restored in North-Carolina."

The ship *Chance*, Captain John Hazard, from New-York, for Grenada, the 6th of May in the night ran on the rocks of the Grenadilla, but beat over with the loss of her rudder, and springing a leak, they got her, full of water, to the Island of Grenada, where she soon after parted her cables and ran ashore and was stove to pieces, the people and great part of the cargo are saved, but the vessel with almost all her rigging is lost.

Extract of a letter from London, April 22.

"You have no doubt heard ere this time of the Lord Mayor's commitment to the Tower by the House of Commons. The affair has made a great noise here, but is likely to end very quietly. The minority decline daily—Willes has lost his former popularity, and several others who bid fair to succeed him in the good opinion of the people have been 'bought off' (as they call it) by the Ministry. This is notoriously the case of Mr. Wedderburne, who having accepted a place under the Crown, contradicted in one week every thing that he said in the House of Commons in the week preceding. I said the affair of the Chief Magistrate's commitment was likely to end quietly: By which I mean, that it would end without mobs in the City, or remonstrances at Court: But it seems the Lord Mayor and Alderman Oliver mean to prosecute Sir Fletcher Norton, as the Signer of an illegal warrant—and where that prosecution will end, the Judges must be called upon to determine."

"Much has been said lately about a war with Spain; but by what I can collect, I cannot believe that event will take place within the present year. And yet it is very certain that Spain has been preparing herself for the purpose. In general people here do not seem disposed to enter upon a war. American affairs

have been absorbed this session in matters of a more general concern. We are really not of that consequence to this country, which we have been taught to think ourselves. It would raise the highest indignation in you, to hear some members of Parliament haranguing about 'OUR American Plantations,' as though the absolute disposal of every thing there, was vested solely in themselves.—Those members who most warmly espouse our cause, are Burke, Barre, Sir George Saville, and Mr. Dowdall; to these Gentlemen, the Colonies are much indebted for many excellent defences."

NEW-YORK, JULY 4.

By the Brig *Polly*, Capt. John Walth, in 29 Days from the Bay of Honduras, we learn that the Logwood Cutters had, for some Time past, removed with their Families from the different Rivers to St. George's Quay, apprehensive of a Rupture betwixt Great-Britain and Spain, but in consequence of Dispatches from the Governor of Jamaica, received by a Vessel which was hired to go Express thither, they were happily enabled to return to their Occupations; this Alarm has notwithstanding been productive of great Loss to them, little or no Logwood having been cut during that Time.

That the Indians, from the great want of Corn (which has been destroyed by the Caterpillars) and the ill Treatment of the Spaniards, continue daily to desert from the different Parts of the Province of Jucatan, to the English Settlers, from whom they receive such Hospitality as endears them to the latter, and must in Time prove a noble Barrier against the Depredations of the Spaniards, who have of late behaved with great Insolence, affording a secure Asylum to such Negroes as desert to them, and in many Instances have been principal Abettors of such Desertion.

By the above Vessel we are informed of the Death of Mr. JOSEPH MAUD, sincerely lamented by almost every Person who had the Pleasure of his Acquaintance. He was one of the first Settlers at Key Kazine, on the opening of the Bay, in 1763, and proved most instrumental in obtaining Leave for opening the Rio Hondo, one of the principal Rivers there, from whence there has been great Quantities of Logwood cut.

Before Captain Walth sailed from the Bay, his Majesty's armed Schooner *Earl of Egmont*, commanded by John Bitham, Esq; was arrived there, in order to obtain an exact Account of the Loss sustained by the Logwood Cutters, by their Negroes being detained by the Spaniards, which amounts to near Ten Thousand Pounds Sterling, and to transmit the same to Commodore M'Kenzie, at Jamaica.

Capt. Roberts, from New-Province, spoke the following Vessels: In the Latitude of 36° 39', with a Sloop from New-London bound to Hispaniola, with Horses, commanded by Jonathan Leith, who informed him, that a few Days before, his Sloop was struck with Lightning, whereby her Mast was shattered, and otherwise much damaged, inasmuch that he could not hoist his Sails, and had seven of his Horses killed; and that he intended to put into the first Port he could make.—Off Block-Island, spoke Capt. Inglis, from North-Carolina, bound to New-London, who had been out 11 Days. And Thursday last off Long-Island, spoke Capt. Savage from New-Province for Boston, who had been out 17 Days.

By a Vessel just arrived from Honduras-Bay, we are informed of the Death of WILLIAM PITT, Esq; of Black-River, Mulqueto Shore, aged about 70 Years; a Gentleman not less sincerely lamented in his Death than universally esteemed in his Life. In a series of forty Years Residence in that Country, he maintained a most amiable and respectable Character—possessed of an ample Fortune, he shewed unexampled Instances of Generosity and Benevolence.—He was the Friend of the Distressed and the Benefactor of the Poor, of which Numbers can bear honourable Testimony.—The first dawn of Civilization as well as its future Progress among the Natives where he resided, must, in great Measure be attributed to Mr. Pitt, whose extensive Influence among those Barbarians enabled him to facilitate the Settlement of the Colony under the Island of Jamaica—His Services in this particular were rewarded by the Office of first Magistrate in the Place, which he enjoyed till his Death; and in the Exercise of which he proved a Consistency with the long established Dignity and Amiability of his Character.

We heard from Rutland, in the County of Worcester, that on the 22d and 23d of June, 54 Sheep and 3 Hogs, belonging to 3 Men of that Place, were killed by Wolves, which also bit a Calf, an Ox, 9 Cows, a Horse, some Sheep and other Apimals, and attack'd 2 Men: It appears since, that those Wolves were infected with Madness, most of the Creatures bit by them having died of that Disorder, and the rest expected soon to follow. The People who eat of the Milk from the Cows, are in great Fear of being infected—but had not then perceived any Signs of it.

Yesterday the Body of a drowned Man was brought ashore at Hunter's Quay. The Jury of Inquest not having brought in their Verdict, the following is a Description of him—He appeared to be about 30 or 40 Years of Age, had a large bulky Head of reddish Hair, and Beard, and had on a Pair of Tow Cloth Trowsers and a homespun striped Waistcoat;

he had in his Pocket two Coppers and a Penknife. The Body was much swell'd and disfigured, and is supposed to have been a good many Days in the Water.

Yesterday arrived the Brig *Harbour Grace*, Captain John Wadland, in 30 Days from Newfoundland, on his Passage the 30th of June, Lat. 40, 12, Lon. 71, 16, he spoke the Brig *Peggy*, Capt. William Burrows, from Rhode-Island; for Hispaniola, two Days out.

[The *Impartialist*, coming too late for this Paper, will be in our next.]

Custom-House, New-York, Inward Entries.

Ship Countess of Donegal, J. Pym, from Dublin and St. Ubes. Brig *Harbour Grace*, J. Wadland, Newfoundland. Sloop *Joana*, E. Hopper, Antigua; Betty, A. Roberts, New-Province; Dispatch, T. Mountany, Figueras; Sally, J. Pell, and Betty, W. Lightbourn, St. Croix; Richard, T. Quill, St. Christophers and Hispaniola; Charming *Polly*, T. Standley, Rhode-Island; Elizabeth, D. Arnold, Grenades and St. Eustatia; Harliquin, J. Lamb, Honduras-Bay; Hannah, T. Roach, Hispaniola. Schooner *Nancy*, J. Harkies, Philadelphia.

OUTWARD. Brig *Anne*, N. Lawrence, for London; Coronation, D. Gessley, and Harbour Grace, J. Wadland, Newfoundland; Helena, T. Harriot, Halifax. Snow *Chas* lotte, J. Hine, Newfoundland. Sloop *Mary-Ann*, J. Gilbert, and Johanna, E. Hopper; Antigua; Affie, H. Gilbert, Bermuda; General *Gage*, T. Werley, Tortola. Schooner *Two Friends*, T. Timpson, Coracoa; *Polly*, D. Drummond, Cadiz.

CLEARED. Brig *Diana*, R. Willson, to Liverpool; Ranger, D. Shaw, Dublin; Rebecca, W. Bayley, Hispaniola. Sloop *Two Friends*, E. Reed, Salem; Deborah and *Polly*, J. Innes, Antigua; *Polly*, T. Perrian, and Lawrence, J. Gardner, St. Croix; Elizabeth, W. Ritchie, Barbados; Lydia, J. Freebody, Jun. Rhode-Island; Charles-Town, W. Whetton, St. Martins; Endeavour, G. Ellis, Virginia; Sally, R. Falschild, Quebec. Schooner *Neptune*, N. Cook, Rhode-Island.

Mr. PRINTER,

FOR the Benefit of the Public, please to insert in your next Paper, the following Description of two Sorts of Counterfeit 16/3 Jersey Bills, viz. Dates of both are December 21, 1763, and signed Richard Smith, John Johnston, and S. Skinner.—The one Sort can easily be discovered by the Letter *i* being left out of the Word *Fifteen*; the other is extremely well done, both the Signing and Printing; and would easily deceive Persons that were not on their guard, there being no material odds, except on the Back of the Bill, in the three Crowns at the Bottom of the Sage Leaf.—The middle Crown in the true ones is smaller than the other two, in the false ones the three Crowns are of one Size, and the Crochets are the sixteenth Part of an Inch wider apart than the true ones, besides this their seems to have been Pains taken to smooke and rub the Bills, so as to make them appear old, which makes the Signing appear fresher and blacker than it should do, and not of a Piece with the rest of the Bill.

MARINE SOCIETY.

ON Monday the 8th Day of July, will be held (at the House of Capt. Thomas Doran,) a Quarterly Meeting of the Marine Society of the City of New-York, in the Province of New-York, in America. All such Members as are or have been Masters of Vessels, are desired to take Notice, that unless they attend the Meeting they will be fined, according to the By-Law of the Society.

By Order of the President,

ROBERT BENSON, Secy.

St. Eustatia, June 23, 1771.

EDWARD BARDIN,

WHO lately kept the King's Arms Tavern, in New-York, has this Day open'd a Tavern in St. Eustatia, in the House lately occupied by Mr. Jesse Denison, commonly known by the Name of Denison's Tavern, where Gentlemen may be supplied with large or small Entertainments; there will be Breakfast from seven until nine o'Clock in the Morning, and Dinner to be on the Table precisely at one. Any of those Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Company, may depend he will make it his chief Study to have every Thing in proper Order, and it shall be gratefully acknowledg'd, by their most humble Servant,

EDWARD BARDIN.

N. B. Any Masters of Vessels who have any Stock to dispose of, are requested to give him the first Refusal. 87 90

To be LET and enter'd on immediately,

PART of a genteel House, consisting of a Dining Room, Bed Chambers, Cellar, the Use of a Kitchen and Yard, &c. situate in a principal Part of the City.—For further Particulars inquire of STEPHEN CALLOW, Upholsterer, in Wall-Street.

WANTED, a Man or stout Lad, whose Character will bear inquiry—inquire as above. 87 90

THIS is to give Notice to all

Persons that are Creditors to George Caldwell, late of Salisbury, in Litchfield County, now of Hartford in Hartford County, Insolvent Debtor; That pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of the Colony of Connecticut, held at Hartford on the second Thursday of May, 1771; there is to be a Meeting of said Caldwell's Creditors at Mr. David Bull's, Inn-holder in said Hartford, on the first Thursday of October next, then and there to exhibit their Debts, and to agree on the best Method for recovering, disposing of, and distributing said Caldwell's Estate for and among said Creditors.

ALEXANDER PHELPS, Trustee to said

JONATHAN WELLS, J. Caldwell.

Hartford, June 20, 1771. 87 90

Just come from LONDON, 1771;

A Seventh Son of a Seventh SON.

I CURE if curable, the following Disorders, (viz.) King's Evil, Wens, Fits, Stone and Gravel, Piles, Worms, Tooth-Ach without drawing, Head-Ach, Scald Heads, Cholick, Corns, St. Anthony's Fire, Fevers, Agues, Dropsy, Jaundice, Itch, Falling Sickness, Vapours, Spots and Pimples on the Skin, Bloody Flux, Canker, Rheumatism, Pleurisy, Sore Eyes, Deafness, &c. &c. &c. I know the Person's Disorder by the first Water the Person makes in the Morning or by their Pulse. I will not take any Person to cure if I know I can't help them.—Inquire for me at Mr. Garrett Miller's, in Smith's-Grove, Orange County, New-York Government. 87 90 J. CALCOTT.

POET'S CORNER.

WARM'D by the Fire of Freedom's sacred Flame,
Say, Britons, shall that Freedom be a Name,
And a name only? No—'tis Freedom's sacred Flame,
Forbid it you by whom our Rights were giv'n a
Ye sacred Shades, whom Runnymede shall boast,
Till Time in long Eternity is lost—
Who fore'd our Charter from the abject Thing
Which Tyrant Custom had proclaim'd a King,
Forbid it too, each Modern, free of Soul;
Nor e'er submit to Tyranny's control,
Still fan, in Freedom's Aid, the sacred Flame,
And prove ye Britons—more than in the Name.

HENRY VAN VLECK,

Has just imported in the *Britannia*, Capt. Thomas Miller, from
London, and in several other Vessels from Europe.

A Neat and general Assortment
of GOODS suitable for the Season, to be sold on
very reasonable Terms, at his Store in Dock-Street, between
the Coenties and Slip-Markets. 84 87

WALTER FRANKLIN, and Co.

Have just imported in the *Earl of Dunmore*, and other Ships
from London, and the *Ellin*, from Bristol, a large Assortment
of Goods, which they will sell on the lowest Terms, for Cash
or the usual Credit, at their Store, which is kept at Walter
Franklin's new House, above Post's Slip, among which are,

RUSSIA and Ravens fall cloth
Tickenburgh and ommaburgh
An assortment of Russia
Russia drabs
Flanders bed ticks
Broad cloths
Wiltons
Sagathies
Durays
Cambricks, plain strip and
Scord
Rattinets
Shalloons
Callimancoes
Durants
Tammies
Irish cambricks
Poplins
Grazets
Silverets
Missinets
Breeches pieces
Worsted hose
Mens and womens cotton
and thread do.
Womens white cloth, colour'd
and purple mits and gloves

Also, one pair of a feet a inches
one pair of 4 do.
which are recommended for the very best sort, and are to be
sold, one for £.63, the other for £.60 a Pair. 84 87

The following Articles, to be sold very cheap, at wholesale
or retail, by

ABRAHAM DELANOY, Jun.

at his House in the main Street, between Burling's Slip and the
Fly-Market, opposite Mr. Brewster's Store of Tin Ware, and
next Door to Dr. Bird, Jun. viz.

OLD Madeira, Teneriff and
Sweet wines, claret, wine bitters, Jamaica spirits
and Antigua rum, brandy, Geneva, molasses, vinegar,
sweet oil, raisins, currants and figs, citron, sugar candy, su-
gar almonds and do. in the shell, prunes and prunelloes;
TEAS and SPICES of all sorts, best CHOCOLATE and
COFFEE; double and single refined loaf sugar, best and low
priced muscovado sugars; rice, black and Cayenne pepper,
Durham and New-York flour mustard, fine salt and allum,
essence soap, saufs, pipes; pickles in cags fit for exporta-
tion, a small quantity of quince, peach and Holland plumb
sweet meats, fresh imported, Cheshire and Gloucestershire
cheese; paper, quills, ink and ink powder, sealing wax
and wafers; best White Chapel needles, Scotch threads,
and pins, empty twelve bottle-cases, &c. &c. &c. most
kinds of PAINTING done as usual, at reasonable rates.

TO BE LET.

A Convenient Dwelling House,
situate in Chapel-Street, wherein Joshua Levy, Tal-
low-Chandler lately lived, it is two Stories high, and con-
tains two Rooms on a Floor, with a Fire Place in each, ad-
joining there is a large Yard, out Houses and Stable; For
further Particulars, apply to DANIEL GOMEZ, living at
Burling's Slip, who will agree on reasonable Terms. 84 87

Doctor GRAHAM,

TAKES this Method to thank
the respectable Inhabitants of Newark and Eliza-
beth-Town, in East New-Jersey, for the Opportunities they
have been pleased to favour him with, of showing his Skill
and Abilities.

The Inhabitants of British America in general, may de-
pend on his best Endeavours in their Behalf. Successful
practice, low Charges, Moderation and Attention, to even
the poorest Individual; added to his having had more Ex-
perience in the Disorders of the Eyes and Ears, than perhaps
any Practitioner on this vast Continent, induces him to
hope for some Share of Favour of the Public; who easily
will distinguish true Merit, from pretended Knowledge.

The Dr. intends to be at Brunswick the first of next
Month.

Staten-Island, 17th June, 1772.

85 88

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office on HUNTER'S-QUAY, Rotten-Row, where all Sorts of Printing
Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for
Five Shilling; four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship *Ellin*, from Bristol, and to be sold by
JOHN HARRIS CRUGER,
NAILS, GLASS, PIPES, and
SHOT of every size; RUGS and BLANKETS of
different Kinds, and LOAF SUGAR. 83 86

To be sold for Eight Pounds,
TWENTY-three Months of the
Time of an indentured Servant Woman, named
Marian Scott: Inquire of Samuel Bayard, opposite the Old
English Church. 84 87

Just imported, per Capt. Lawrence and Miller, from London,
and to be sold very reasonable, for Cash or short Credit,
By **ROBERT G. LIVINGSTON, Jun.**
at his Store in Dock-Street, next Door to Messrs. Hugh and
Alexander Wallace's, near the Coffee-House

A Large assortment of
handsome calicoes
India and English chintzes
Cottons, and cottons for bed
furniture
India chintzes for bed spreads
and window curtains
Silk Damascus and burdets
Gingham
Mankens, Holland stripe
White and brown thread
Mens, womens, girls and
boys hose
White and colour'd, ribb'd
and plain mens silk hose
Womens purple and white
lamb and kid gloves and
mits
Womens and girls white
thread gloves and mits
Womens black worsted gloves
Womens black and white silk
gloves
Black and yellow peclong
satin
Figured and plain mode
Broad and narrow Persians
Taffaty, farfnet
Plain and striped lutestrings
Ducapes
Plain, striped and check'd
jacquet muslin
Book muslins, clear lawn
Cambrick, 1/2 and yd. wide
lawn
Pistol lawn
Jacquet and book muslin
handkerchiefs
Gause handkerchiefs and
aprons
Chintz handkerchiefs, romals
Taffaty and Barcelona hand-
kerchiefs
Kensing handkerchiefs
Black Barcelona fring'd crav-
ats
RIBBONS of all colours
Love Ribbon
Feretts, shoes, coat, and qua-
lity binding
Black and white lace
White thread lace

A L
Knives and forks, carving
and pen knives, scissars, &c.
Likewise.—An assortment of glass, amongst which are,
decanters from one pint to two gallons, neat cut salts on
high feet, tumblers, cut glass plates for fruit, fashionable
cut bowls for salad; and a variety of other articles, too
redundant to mention. 84 87

SAMUEL HAKE,
Has just imported in the New-York, Capt. Lawrence, and
the last Ships from London and Bristol, which are open-
ing at his Store, the lower End of Wall-Street, and will
be sold on the most reasonable Terms.

A large and general Assortment
of European and East-India Goods,

Amongst which are in particular,
A Great variety of
Elegant chintzes
Calicoes, cottons
Chintz furniture
Copper plate cotton ditto
India taffaties, Persians
Lutestrings, tartans
Peclongs, modes
Persians
Book and jacquet muslin
Gause, catguts
Paris net
Rich Bath and Brussels laces
Brown and white stick fans
Childrens red Morocco shoes
Gold and silver basket buttons

Likewise, Powder and shot,
best G B wool cards, mace, cloves, nutmegs, pepper, writ-
ting paper, sealing wax, wafers; bibles, psalters, primmers,
Dillworth's spelling books, gilt trunks in nests, and a general
assortment of IRONMONGERY, &c. &c. 84 87

TO BE LET,
THE Quarter Part of a Distill-
House, Sills, Worms, and Tabs, with a Lot of
Ground adjoining, which will make it as convenient for
Yard Room as any in the City, lying near Ferry-Street, with
which it has a Communication; For further Particulars in-
quire of the Printer. 84 87

THE Creditors of Robert Griffith,
that have not received their dividend, are desired to
call on John Alsop, and they shall be paid. 85—88
Just imported in the last Vessels from London, Bristol and
Liverpool, and to be sold by

DANIEL PHENIX,

At his Store, between the Fly-Market and the Coffee-House,
A Very neat assortment of
calicoes and chintzes
India and English taffaties
Black, colour'd and striped
Persians
Half yard do. peclongs
Black and colour'd Barcelona
handkerchiefs
Silk, cotton, and fickersey
romals
White and black silk cravats
A great variety of ribbons
Newest fashion
White and black cyprus
Black gauze handkerchiefs
Flowered and striped
Bordered, kenting do.
Printed and Scotch do.
Cambricks and lawns
Nankens, sewing silks
Buckrams, buttons and twist
Wiltons, German ferges
Blue and mixt broad cloths
White and spotted swanskins
Quality and shoe bindings
Silk ferrits, broad and nar-
row tapes
Penknives, shoe and knee
buckles
Ivory combs, brass cocks
Plain and brass ball'd cap-
dilesticks
Tammies, durants
Callimancoes, shalloons
Striped cambricks and cam-
blettees
Sagathies, breeches pieces
Worsted and thread hose
Black and brown stick fans
Womens purple, crimson
White and colour'd lamb
mitts
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves and Mace, &c. &c. 85 91

SEVERAL Sets of very curious
Italian, Derbyshire and Kilkenny MARBLE for Fire
Places, polish'd in the best Manner, just imported from
England, and to be sold by
WALTER FRANKLIN, and Co. 85 88

I S A A C L O W,
IS removed into the House in
Great Dock-Street, occupied by the late Henry Cuyler,
Esq; where he has to sell on the most reasonable Terms,
lately imported, Indian Kersey Blankets, Strouds, white
twilled Frise, emboss'd Serges, Irish Linens from 1/6 to 6/6
per Yard, gilt Trunks in Nests, Vermillion, &c. for the In-
dian Trade; also a general Assortment of other Goods, and
best Scots Snuff in Bladders, by the Hoghead or Tierce. 85 88

WATCHES.

THE Faults of the original
Makers alter'd. Work that has been damag'd by
Watch-Butchers, repair'd. The Price of putting a very
good, or very bad Watch in the best Order, from Half a
Dollar, to two Dollars; but neither Neglect or Slight, to
occasion Charge from Time to Time.—No future Expence,
unless the Work is abus'd.

New Watches, made up here, on various Constructions,
to perform equal to any imported, at the same Price, by
J. SIMNETT, thirty Years Finisher, to the Chief Ma-
nufacture in London.

Adjoining to the Hatter's, the lower End of the
Coffee-House Bridge, in New-York. 85 88

TO BE SOLD.

A Pair of handsome stout black
HORSES, between 14 and 15 Hands, one 4 and the
other 5 Years old, very well broke for the Saddle, and will
go very easy in any Carriage, warranted sound, the Owner
of them being soon to leave the Province: Any that wants
such a Pair of Horses, may see them at Mr. De La Montag-
nie's, King's Arms on the Green. 85 88

BY order of Michael Jackson,
Esq; one of the Judges of the court of common pleas
for the county of Orange: Notice is hereby given to Thomas
Ruffel, late of the county of Orange aforesaid, that on
application and due proof made before the said Michael
Jackson, by one of the creditors of the said Thomas Ruf-
fel, pursuant to the directions of an act of the governor,
council, and the general assembly of the colony of N. York,
in such case made and provided, entitled, an act to prevent
frauds in debtors, and of three several other acts of the lieut.
governor, council and general assembly of the said colony,
also lately made and provided, for enlarging, continuing and
extending the same, he hath issued his warrant directed to
the high Sheriff of the county of Orange aforesaid, com-
manding him to attach, seize, take and safely keep, all the
whole estate, as well real as personal of the said Thomas
Ruffel, of what nature or kind soever; and that unless the
said Thomas Ruffel, do within three months from the
time of such seizure made, redeem the same, by paying his
creditors, all his estate, real and personal, so seized and
taken, will be sold for the satisfaction of his creditors.
Dated this seventh day of June, 1771. 85 88